DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY

Chair and Coordinator: Dr. Lisa A. Eargle
Faculty: Jessica Burke, Jessica Doucet, Lisa Eargle, Alexander Lu, Russell Ward

MISSION STATEMENT
The Department of Sociology offers a major, minor, and collateral in sociology. The program operates in accord with the general purpose of Francis Marion University by providing an educational program within the liberal arts tradition by presenting a balance of theoretical views and varied analytical orientations. The bachelor's degree in sociology provides students with an understanding of sociology as the scientific study of human social life. The degree focuses on applying objective and systematic methods of investigation to identify patterns of social life and to understand the processes by which these patterns are established and changed. The program prepares students to learn to think critically, to communicate effectively, to appreciate individual and cultural diversity, and to develop their skills in computer applications. The program also provides students with opportunities for internships in applied settings. A major in sociology provides students with skills that will prepare them for graduate school or careers that require investigative methods, critical observation, and attention to diversity.

MAJOR
1. All sociology majors are required to take the following courses:
   Sociology 201 and thirty-four semester hours of courses numbered 300 and above in sociology, including Sociology 302, 303, 339, 403, either 407 or 419 and 496
2. Students following the General Track select from the following elective courses:
   Two courses in Culture and Social Organization: 361, 374, 375, 381, 382, 387, 388
   Two courses in Inequality and Diversity: 306, 310, 315, 327, 331
   One course in Deviance: 341, 342, 343, 344, 346, 347, 348, 349, 351, 352
   One additional course numbered 300 and above
3. Optional Track: Students majoring in sociology with a concentration in Criminal Justice must take the following courses:
   Sociology 341 and Political Science 230
   Three sociology courses selected from: Sociology 342, 343, 344, 346, 347, 348, 349, 351, 352
   One political science course selected from: Political Science 322, 323, 330, 331
4. Minor/collateral requirements (two options)
   a) two 12-hour collaterals approved by the faculty adviser
   b) an 18-hour minor approved by the faculty adviser

The minimum number of semester hours required in major courses for a major in sociology is 37. The minimum number of semester hours in all courses (major and non-major) required for the major in sociology is 120.

MINOR
The minor in sociology requires 18 hours, including Sociology 201. No more than six of these hours can be earned from courses below the 300 level.

COLLATERAL
A collateral in sociology requires 12 semester hours, including Sociology 201.

No more than six of these hours can be earned from courses below the 300 level.

SOCIOLOGY COURSES (SOCI)
201 Principles of Sociology (3) F, S, SU. Introduction to the concepts and methods of sociology. Investigation of socialization, group processes, social institutions, and social change.

205 Marriage and Family Relations (3) Gender roles, stages of committed relationships, power and conflict in family life, work and family roles, parenting, divorce and remarriage.

301 Sociological Focus (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department) In-depth study of one sociological subject emphasizing interpretations, methodologies, and relevant applications to contemporary society. May be taken twice for academic credit with departmental approval.

302 Methods of Sociology (3) (Prerequisite: 201 and declared sociology major or permission of the department) F, S. Introduction to the principles and techniques of organizing, conducting, and interpreting sociological research; the appropriateness of particular methodologies for different kinds of research problems; emphasis on writing a research proposal.

303 Quantitative Methods in Social Research (3) (Prerequisite: 201, Mathematics 134, and declared sociology major, or permission of department) F, S. Introduction to basic statistical concepts; determining appropriate levels of measurement; calculating and interpreting descriptive statistics; calculating and interpreting inferential statistics including z-scores and confidence intervals; conducting hypothesis tests; determining associations between variables; regression and correlation analysis.

306 Social Problems (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of the department) Critical examination of problems resulting from social inequality (distribution of wealth, racial and ethnic relations, gender relations, sexism, healthcare), violations of social norms (substance abuse, violence, and property crime), and social change (population growth, food, urbanization, environment).

310 Racial and Cultural Minorities (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department) Survey of racial and cultural conflicts in contemporary civilization, theories of race and culture; the status of racial, religious, and ethnic minorities in the United States.

315 Sex and Gender in Social Contexts (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department) Study of feminine and masculine roles and lifestyles, with emphasis upon socialization experiences in settings such as home and school; expression of gender roles in family, work, spiritual, artistic, and recreational activities; inequalities of opportunities and rewards, cultural influences upon preferred gender roles.

327 Sociology of Aging and Later Life (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department) An introduction to the study of aging as a social phenomenon with an emphasis on theories of aging, the composition of the elderly population, family relationships, living arrangements, work and retirement, the welfare state, end-of-life care and dying, and aging and inequality.

331 Environment, Power, and Opportunity (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department) An introduction to the study of the relationship between human society and the physical environment, with an emphasis on the relationships among population growth, economic development, systems of inequality, and control and use of the natural environment. Local, regional, and global approaches will be used to understand environmental issues. An emphasis is placed on how the allocation of environmental resources (kind, amount, and quality) varies by race/ethnicity, gender, class, and nationality, and the different responses that these groups have to environmental problems/issues.

339 Sociological Theory (3) (Prerequisite: Twelve hours in sociology,
Criminology (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Examines how social structures and participation in social networks influence the likelihood and nature of criminal activities. Also examines how individuals and groups react to crime. Includes a critical review and application of theoretical explanations of crime and criminal behavior.

Social Deviance (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Introduces several theoretical perspectives from which deviant behavior is analyzed, following a basic distinction between "kinds of people" theories versus explanations focused upon society and culture. Current research on several forms of deviance - violence against persons, sexuality, substance use, organizational crime, and economic crime.

Juvenile Delinquency (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Critical examination of alternative theoretical explanations of juvenile delinquency and the various programs developed to prevent and control, with consideration of their assumptions, arguments, and research support.

Violence in Society (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Exploration of the various forms of violence, with attention given to how the reporting of and reactions to violence are shaped by the way it is defined and measured; causes of violence are framed in terms of culture and social structure.

Crime and Organizations (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Examination of the types of crime committed within, by, and against organizations, characteristics of crime perpetrators, their activities, and impacts on society, as well as explanations for why these crimes exist and approaches used to combat these crimes.

Alcohol, Drugs and Society (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Drug use/abuse as a social phenomenon, with attention given to illegal drugs, legal drugs and alcohol. While there will be an emphasis on theoretical application, patterns of drug use/abuse among various populations (race, class, sex, education, etc.) will be examined, as well as society's responses to drug use/abuse in the form of drug policies and regulatory attempts.

Family Violence (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
An exploration of family violence from a sociological and criminological lens. Specific types of violence that occur in the family setting (spousal abuse, child abuse, elder abuse, and dating violence) are examined, including patterns based on gender, social class, race, age, culture, and religion. Prevention and intervention measures are discussed, along with public policy implications.

Hate Crimes and Terrorism (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
A critical examination of hate crimes and terrorism, including their similarities and differences, types of perpetrators and victims, perpetrator activities and tactics used, and societal impacts, as well as explanations for why these crimes occur and approaches used to impede these crimes. Major hate crime cases and terrorism incidents within the US and abroad are also reviewed.

Crimes Against the Environment (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
An in-depth exploration of the types of environmental crime activities, including major crime cases, their perpetrators and victims, and responses given to the commission of these crimes by society. Theories explaining the presence and prevalence, as well as the methods for documenting and studying these crimes are covered.

Rural Crime (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Examines critical issues related to crime in the rural context, including offending and victimization. Explores the types of crimes committed in rural areas, including those that are unique to this setting. Critiques criminological theories and their ability to explain rural crime. Analyzes the issues that rural police and agents of the criminal justice system face in dealing with criminal matters.

Society and the Individual (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Survey of selected micro-sociological theoretical orientations and methodological procedures and illustrative substantive data examining the relationship between society and the individual. Emphasis on symbolic interaction and dramaturgy.

Work in Society (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Patterns and organization of work; the theories and methods associated with studying work; how work varies across social and demographic groups; and impact of family structure, technology, globalization and public policy on work.

Sociology of Health and Medicine (3) (Prerequisite: SOC 201 or permission of Sociology department) (SOC 375 is same as IPHC 375)
Trends and group differences in health and illness; theoretical perspectives on health; the sick role; seeking and using health services; patient-practitioner relationships; caregiving issues; social organization of healthcare systems; international and cultural differences; medicalization of chronic conditions; current issues and problems. Credit cannot be received for both SOC 375 and IPHC 375.

Sociology of Sport (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Scientific study of sports to better understand how they are practiced and what those practices mean. Using various theoretical approaches, the focus will be on topics as they relate to sports such as: identity, ideology, children, gender, race and ethnicity, the media, economics, politics, globalization, drugs and violence.

Sociology of Families (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Examines sociological theories used to study the family. Explores current and historic American family trends, how society and various social institutions shape the family, and the internal dynamics of the family as a social group in society.

Disasters and Extreme Events (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
Types of disasters and extreme events; stages in the disaster process; theories and methods used to study disasters; how disaster vulnerability and resilience varies across social and demographic groups; how social institutions respond to disasters; disaster prevention and mitigation efforts.

Death and Dying in Social Contexts (3) (Prerequisite: 201 or permission of department)
An overview of the perspectives on death in different cultures, social influences on those perspectives, death in relation to modern health care systems and related ethical issues, models of grief and its expression, last rites, consequences for survivors, suicide, contemporary risks of death.

Survey Methodology (3) (Prerequisite: eighteen hours of Sociology including 302, 303, and 339; senior standing; declared sociology major; and permission of department). F. S. Focus of this course is an individual research project that involves using survey research methodology. In this course students select a research problem and develop testable hypotheses drawing from published studies. Students also learn sampling, measurement, data collection, creating a data file, and conducting data analysis using statistical software. Finally, students are required to participate in the Institutional Review Board (IRB) process and present their findings to the class.

Urban Sociology (3) (Prerequisite: Nine hours of sociology courses including 201; junior or senior standing; and permission of the department) F. Historical and current urban growth patterns, theoretical perspectives regarding urban structure and change, distribution of power and other resources in urban settings, urban cultural and social forms, problems of
urban areas, and strategies of urban planning. The United States and other
nations are examined. Explores how gender, racial/ethnic, class, gender,
age, nationality, and other group relations affect urban processes and life.
A student research project involving secondary data analysis and an oral
presentation of the project are required.

419 Population and Society (3) (Prerequisite: Nine hours of sociology
courses, including 201; junior or senior standing; and permission of
the department) S. Scientific study of population size, composition and
distribution; analysis of trends and differentials in birth rates, death
rates, and migration by race/ethnicity, gender, class, age, and nationality;
consideration of actual and potential pressures of population on natural
resources; the interrelationship of population and the social structure as
it varies by race/ethnicity, class, gender, age, and nationality. A student
research project involving secondary data analysis and an oral presenta-
tion of the project are required.

496 Sociology Capstone Experience (1) (Prerequisite: Senior standing;
declared sociology major; and permission of department) F, S. This course
will be used as the final step towards preparing seniors for the job market
or graduate school. An examination of potential careers, professional
goals, application materials, and employment/graduate school searches
will occur. Students will also participate in an assessment of learning
outcomes via an exit exam.

497 Special Studies (3), (2), or (1) (Prerequisite: Permission of
department) Open only to juniors or seniors with a grade point average of
3.0 or higher in their major courses. A maximum of three semester hours
may be earned. All individual research projects are reviewed by three
faculty members from two different disciplines. May be taken for credit
(three hours) towards the Honors degree by special arrangement.

498 Sociology Internship (3:1-6) (Prerequisite: Eighteen hours of
sociology, including 201, 302, and 303; senior standing; declared sociol-
ogy major; and permission of the department) Provides students with a
structured experience working in a community service agency. Each
student is expected to work 6 to 10 hours each week on site, as arranged
with the cooperating agency. Readings and discussions will cover such
topics as the organizational structure of service agencies, relationships
with clients, and relationships with other agencies. See your advisor
and the course instructor no less than one semester in advance of enrolling in
Sociology 498.

ANTHROPOLOGY
Coordinator: Dr. Lisa A. Eargle

MAJOR
No major in anthropology is offered.

MINOR
No minor in anthropology is offered.
No more than six of these hours can be earned from courses below the
300 level.

COLLATERAL
No collateral in anthropology is offered.
No more than six of these hours can be earned from courses below the
300 level.

ANTHROPOLOGY COURSE (ANTH)
200 Introduction to Anthropology (3) The science of man; a general
analysis of biological and cultural systems with an emphasis on social
organization and behavior.